

Colour fastness of leather to water

EN ISO 11642 / IUF 421

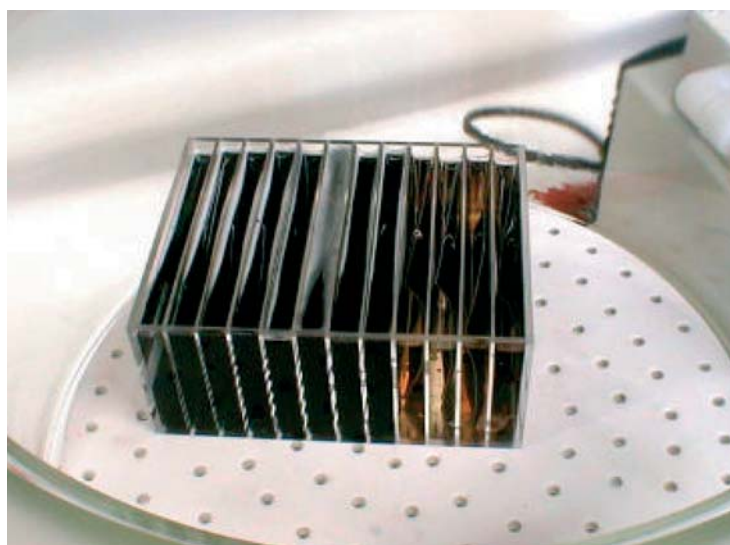
The colour fastness of leather to water is the resistance to the prolonged action of water.

Method

Pre-wetted pieces of wool and cotton, or multi-fibre fabric strips, are placed on the test surface of the dyed leather sample which has been thoroughly wet out in water. The composite specimen is then placed between glass plates under pressure for 3 hours at 37°C. The specimen and the textile are dried. The change in colour of the specimen and of the textile are assessed with standard Grey Scales. 🌐

water fastness

Original sample	Tested sample	Wool	Cotton
			
rating	4-5	4-5	4-5



Colour staining differences are as assessed on original samples and may not be accurately reproduced here.

Additional Information

Guidance for sources of equipment and materials are given in the Standards. ISO and EN Standards are copyrighted documents that are available worldwide

from the local Standard Organisation in each country (address/details see website: <http://www.iso.ch/iso/en/prods-services/ISOstore/memberstores.html>). Sets of IU test methods are available from the SLTC in the United Kingdom.

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